



Specific Rules of AENOR Certificate of Conformity for the Certification of Recycled Plastic Content

Note: This document is a translation of the Spanish document RP E17.02 rev. 5. Spanish version always prevails over this translation.

RP E17.02

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Modifications in this edition:

- The points of the EN 15343 working group are incorporated in accordance with the accreditation body.
- Annex A is revised to improve its alignment with certification application 02-R-0643.
- Criteria are developed for the review and scope expansion processes.

0 Introduction

The Certification Scheme developed in this document is part of a set of certifications developed by AENOR in order to help the plastic industry to demonstrate / guarantee the application of the circular economy principles and to achieve the objectives set by the European Strategy of the Plastics.

The environmental awareness of society means that consumers are demanding, not only quality sustainable production, but also respecting the environment and making rational use of natural resources.

For this reason, AENOR, in collaboration with the Spanish Association of Industrial Plastics (ANAIP) has developed several certification schemes focused on ensuring the transition towards a Circular Economy and closing the loop on transforming plastic waste into new resources.

These “circular” certifications cover the traceability of the recycled material, from the reception of the plastic waste for its treatment and putting it back on the market in the form of recycled material, the characterization of this recycled material in the form of pellets [and/or flakes](#) for its use and, finally, the declaration of the percentage of use of that recycled material in a new product.

But they also include the prevention of plastic discharge into the environment throughout the whole plastic value chain, in accordance with the Operation Clean Sweep (OCS) scheme, defined to prevent the involuntary emission of plastics into the environment, in form of pellets, powder or micro plastics.

The standards on which these certifications are based are:

- Traceability of waste in the plastic recycling process, in accordance with UNE-EN 15343.
- Content of recycled material used in a product, in accordance with UNE-EN 15343.
- Zero pellet losses - Operation Clean Sweep®.

1 Purpose and scope

The present Specific Rules describes, in compliance with section 3.2 of the General Rules of Conformity Certificates, hereinafter the General Rules, the certification scheme for post-consumer recycled plastic content used in a plastic production or transformation process.

For this Specific Rules purpose, it is considered recycled plastic, whether it is pre-consumer or post-consumer. The cuts that come from the manufacturing process are not admissible. (See section 3 Definitions).

Any content not contemplated in this document can always be found in the General Rules. The General Rules always prevail over the present Specific Rules.

The certification of the post-consumer recycled plastic content used in the production or transformation process of a plastic product will be carried out in accordance with the requirements established in this document, in accordance with the UNE-EN 15343 *standard, Plastics recycling traceability and assessment of conformity and recycled content*.

By applying this Particular Regulation, any client can obtain two certificates:

- **Total recycled plastic content certificate:** This certificate can include products made with both post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled material, mixing the materials in different percentages from 0 to 100%. Products under this certification declare the total percentage of recycled plastic included in the product, without specifying its origin.
- **Post-consumer recycled plastic content certificate:** Under this certificate, products will only declare the percentage of post-consumer recycled material, without considering other types of recycled materials.

A client can request both the certificate the total recycled plastic content and also the specific post-consumer recycled plastic percentage.

Compliance with the parameters required in this document does not exempt from current law compliance.

2 Reference documentation

All the references and titles of documents or standards cited in this document are listed below:

- AENOR General Regulations on Certificates of Conformity (2020-12)
- UNE-EN ISO 9001 - Quality management systems. Requirements.
- UNE-EN 15342 Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of polystyrene (PS) recyclates.
- UNE-EN 15343 Plastics. Recycled plastics. Plastics recycling traceability and assessment of conformity and recycled content.
- UNE-EN 15344 Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of polyethylene (PE) recyclates.
- UNE-EN 15345 Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of polypropylene (PP) recyclates.
- UNE-EN 15346 Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) recyclates.
- UNE-EN 15347 Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of plastic waste.
- UNE-EN 15348 Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of poly(ethylene terephthalate) (PET) recyclates.
- UNE 53972 Plastics. Recycled Polypropylene (PP) materials. Characteristics and typology.
- UNE 53978 Plastics. Recycled polyethylene (PE) materials. Characteristics and typology.

3 Definitions

In addition to those included in the applicable legislation, the following definitions are considered:

Client: Organization that requests the certification of the product(s) it supplies and its subsequent registration in the AENOR Register to which AENOR has granted the certificate and license to use the trademark.

Manufacturer: The organization responsible for the manufacture of the product(s). The manufacturer may or may not be the customer. See point 5.1.

Recycling: Recycling is the process of converting waste materials into reusable new products or resources with which to make other products. In this way, waste undergoes a transformation process in order to be used in a manufacturing process, reducing the consumption of raw materials and contributing to the elimination of waste.

Recycler: Responsible for processing waste materials for use according to their original purposes or for other purposes, excluding energy recovery.

Transformer: Responsible for modifying the properties of polymeric compounds by various processes such as injection, extrusion, thermoforming, blowing, calendering, among others, to obtain products that adapt to the needs of the market and the requirements of each application.

Recycled content: The proportion, by mass, of the recycled material in a product. Only pre-consumer and post-consumer materials should be considered for the calculation of recycled content, consistent with the use of the following terms:

1) Virgen-Material

Formulation material defined in the form of pellets, powder, crushed, etc., which has not been used or processed in a way other than in its manufacture, without adding any reprocessed or recycled material.

2) Recovered/Returned Material

Material that would otherwise have been disposed of as waste or used to recover energy but has instead been collected and recovered as input material rather than new raw material, for a recycling or manufacturing process.

3) Recycled Material

Material that has been reprocessed from a recovered (returned) material through a manufacturing process and included in a final product or component for incorporation into a product. This material can be post-consumer or pre-consumer.

Material obtained as a result of a recovery process of material initially classified as waste; that is, material that an organization discards or intends to discard and sends to a waste management facility. Only then does it lose its status as waste and can be classified as recycled material. This material can be of post-consumer or pre-consumer origin.

Regardless of whether this waste comes from the same processing company or a company within the group, it is acceptable as long as it has been treated as waste and the company is authorized as a waste management facility.

4) Pre-consumer Material

Material diverted from the waste stream during a manufacturing process. This excludes the reuse of materials such as rework materials, scrap or remnants generated in the process and which have the capacity to be reintroduced into the same process that generated them.

5) Post-consumer Material

Material recovered from household waste or commercial, industrial and institutional equipment in their role as end users of a product.

This includes returns of products, or parts thereof, from the distribution chain of finished products to end users.

Material generated from household, commercial, industrial or institutional facilities in their role as end-users of a product, which can no longer be used for its original purpose. This includes the return of material to the distribution chain.

For a scrap to be considered as recycled material in the calculation of the recycled content of a plastic product, it must be managed as waste by a waste manager authorized to manage that product.

On the other hand, according to ENAC criteria, scrap from a process with a certain recycled content, only when there is very clear traceability of the material, and it is reused internally in the installation, the original recycled content can be counted in the process where it is reintroduced and its origin (pre-consumption or post-consumption) can be maintained.

Batch: A defined quantity of some commodity manufactured or produced under uniform conditions.

4 Management of the Certification Scheme

The management of this certification scheme is entrusted to AENOR.

AENOR will assume the responsibilities related to the planning, implementation and management of the certification process of the content of recycled material in the production or transformation process of a plastic product, from the receipt of the certification applications to the completion of the process, including, where appropriate, the issuance of the final evaluation report and corresponding certificate.

5 Certificate Granting

5.1 Application

When an organisation expresses its intention to obtain a certificate of recycled material content, it must complete "the product certification application" (document [02-R-0643](#) in its latest revision), established for this purpose by AENOR. AENOR must also have the product description questionnaire (Annex A) completed by the applicant company.

[The duly completed and signed Annex A is considered binding for the product certification application \(02-R-0643\), in accordance with section 1 of the general terms and conditions, and must be submitted to AENOR with the initial application and whenever modifications are made.](#)

[The references requested in Annex A must be clearly documented and must match those audited during the initial visit. Otherwise, the client will be asked to amend the aforementioned document.](#)

The application must be submitted for each production center where certification is to be requested, indicating the list of products subject to certification.

5.1.1 Extending certificates.

[In the case that the client and the manufacturer are different organisations, the new company holding the extension may request an extension of certificates already issued and in force.](#)

[The extension holder also undertakes to comply with the applicable AENOR Regulations.](#)

- Annex A of the certification application, signed by both companies (the extension holder and the manufacturer), and copies of the current certificates for the acquired products.
- Authorization from the manufacturer to the new holder, specifying the certificates covered by the extension and the trademark(s) to be included in said extension.
- Contract between both entities (manufacturer and extension holder) indicating the product to be marketed and, where applicable, the use of trademarks registered by the manufacturer.
- Declaration from the applicant's legal representative stating that the certified product is marketed without any alteration to the characteristics covered by the certification, in accordance with standard UNE-EN 15343.
- Table that clearly links the manufacturer's product identification (reference and product name) with the identification provided by the applicant.

The granting process will be in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 4 of the General Regulations and the rest of this chapter.

5.2 Documents review

AENOR will study the information provided by the organization ([Annex A of this document and, in the case of the extension of certificates, the remaining documents indicated in point 5.1.1](#)) together with all the documentary evidence that supports the information provided.

AENOR will check:

- Type of certification (post-consumer recycled content / total recycled plastic content).
- The content, in percent, of recycled material for which certification is requested.

AENOR may request additional information from the organization if it deems it necessary for the correct definition of the request.

5.3 Initial inspection

Once all the documents have been reviewed, AENOR will contact the organization, with relevant information regarding the verification plan, proposed visit dates to the production center and the verification team designated for such activity.

The designated audit team will send the Audit Plan to the company, including the scope of the evaluation based on the information reported by the organization (Annex A, Descriptive Questionnaire).

Likewise, in order to carry out the visit successfully, the client must conduct a production run at the time of the audit to verify the recycled content assurance system. If there is no production with recycled material on the day of the audit, the audit team will cancel the visit because the conditions established in this document regarding the certification process have not been met. The client must notify AENOR in advance of the visit if this situation arises.

During the visit, AENOR's audit team will check that the organization has implemented:

- A quality management system, in accordance with [point 5.3.1](#)
- The control processes over the recycled material to be incorporated into the process, as defined in [point 5.3.2](#)
- Verification of the content of recycled material in the final product, according to [point 5.3.3](#)

5.3.1 Quality Management System

The audit team will verify that the organization has implemented a quality system in accordance with standard ISO 9001. The requirements are found in Annex B of this document.

5.3.2 Control processes on recycled material

The audit team will assess that the organization ensures compliance with the traceability requirements established in the applicable standard (UNE-EN 15343:2008) throughout the entire process. This traceability must start with the waste (pre-consumer and/or post-consumer) from which the recycled material is obtained, be maintained during the recycling and transformation process and conclude with the final product. To this end, the supplier must have an AENOR certificate for traceability of recycled plastics issued in accordance with the UNE-EN 15343 standard that certifies the origin of the material, the suitability of the recycling process and the final declaration of the performance required for each material in the applicable standard.

If this AENOR certificate is not available, the following criteria will be followed:

1. **Recycled material with accredited certificate:** Recycled material certified in accordance with UNE-EN 15343:2008, whose certification has been carried out by an accredited certification body.
2. **Recycled material with declaration of conformity according to Order TED/646/2023.** Alternatively, and only when the supplied material is 100%, it may be used, providing, along with the relevant documentation, the declaration required in Order TED.
3. **Recycled material with a non-accredited certificate:** If the recycled material has a traceability certificate issued by a non-accredited certification body, by a certification scheme that does not use accreditation or does not provide evidence that it has been certified in accordance with standard UNE-EN 15343:2008, AENOR will assess the acceptance of these certificates and will keep the records that justify the decisions taken.

Below are some valid schemes for demonstrating the origin of recycled material from the supplier, which are not yet accredited, although they may be acceptable.

The auditor must verify that the material falls within the scope of the certification. If this cannot be done using the supplier's certificates, it would be necessary to request the supplier's audit report.

SCHEME	LOGO	SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS
Global Recycled Standard (GRS)		NA
SCS Recycled Content Certification		NA
SCS Recycling Program Certification		This would apply only to granules containing recycled material NA
EuCertPlast		Currently in obsolete NA

- 4. Recycled material without certification:** If the recycled material acquired does not comply with the above assumptions, AENOR will require the evaluated company to implement measures that ensure that the recycled materials acquired comply with the traceability requirements of standard UNE-EN 15343:2008 such as, for example, compliance audits of its suppliers, of which a documentary record of their performance and all the aspects evaluated will be kept. In addition, AENOR **will be able to carry out** an annual audit of each recycling supplier to confirm that the material supplied complies with the traceability and characterization requirements of the application standard UNE-EN 15343:2008. **This option will no longer be valid from January 1, 2027.**

Additionally, the organization must have a technical sheet of the recycled material used and, for each batch of recycled material received, must receive a certificate of analysis in accordance with the characteristics required in the applicable standards for each of the different materials **unless there are technical inconsistencies in the standards, or they are duly justified as not being necessary for the subsequent application of the product (CoA and TDS).**

- UNE-EN 15342. Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of recycled polystyrene (PS).
- UNE-EN 15344. Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of recycled polyethylene (PE).
- UNE-EN 15345. Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of recycled polypropylene (PP).
- UNE-EN 15346. Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of recycled poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC).
- UNE-EN 15348. Plastics. Recycled plastics. Characterization of poly(ethylene terephthalate) (PET) recycles.

Therefore, and based on the applicable standard UNE-EN 15343:2008, chemical recycling is not included in this certification scheme, as it only applies to mechanical recycling.

5.3.3 Verification of recycled material content in the final product

AENOR will verify that the records available for the initial assessment are sufficient and representative of production to be able to carry out the assessment.

The verification team will evaluate the traceability of the post-consumer recycled material in order to confirm, both that its origin is adequate, and that the percentage of recycled material declared by the organization match with the real parameters.

For this reason, the organization must present:

- Flowcharts of the main processes applied by the organization in the manufacture of the products for which certification is sought.
- Detailed formulas of the products manufactured, indicating their components and proportions, to verify that the programmed theoretical value exceeds the declared recycled content. [Traceability exercises based on productions already completed.](#)
- A process control that ensures that recycled materials are being dosed in the indicated proportion during production, as far as possible with batch dispenser records, alarm control systems in restrictive margins in the event of an incident, recorded self-control checks throughout production, etc.
- Calculation protocol, applied by the organization, for the determination of the actual content of recycled material used in each production, as a percentage, of recycled material incorporated into the manufacturing process. This calculation protocol will be validated during the initial audit and will be used as a basis for possible extensions of the scope of the certificate, both in terms of formulations with different percentages of recycled material and for the inclusion in the AENOR certificate of conformity of new references manufactured with the same percentage of recycled material already declared. [When there is an addition of fillers such as additives, colorants and virgin material, these quantities will not be considered within the recycled material and the formulation must be adjusted or take into account these substances to obtain the desired percentage of recycled content.](#)
- Final record of the mass balance used at the output of the manufacturing process.
- [Additionally, the organization's annual mass balance will be reviewed, reflecting the inputs of recycled, stored, manufactured and shipped material, following the general scheme presented in Fig. 3.](#)

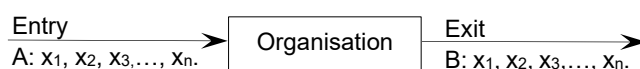


Fig. 3 Mass balance concept

Where:

A is the total entry of recycled material and is equal to the sum of the entries for each of the components: $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$.

$$A = \sum x_1 \text{ entry} + \sum x_2 \text{ entry} + \sum x_3 \text{ entry} + \dots + \sum x_n \text{ entry}$$

B is the total exit of recycled material and is equal to the sum of the exits (consumption) for each of the components: $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$.

$$B = \sum x_1 \text{ exit} + \sum x_2 \text{ exit} + \sum x_3 \text{ exit} + \dots + \sum x_n \text{ exit}$$

If the discrepancy between inputs plus stored materials and outputs of recycled material (consumption) exceeds 10%, the manufacturer will be required to provide justification.

For initial visits where no prior records exist, a minimum of three months of records must be available to perform this exercise.

The points mentioned above shall be included as part of the manufacturer's management system in a specific procedure(s) or instruction for manufacturing with recycled material.

In addition, where possible in view of the audited manufacturing process, during the initial visit, the method defined by the company will be validated to determine, by direct verification of the recycled material consumed in a production and its comparison with the final weight of the output material, the actual content of recycled material used in that production.

This specific mass balance exercise will be carried out for each of the different transformation processes existing in the organization and that have been subject to certification (extrusion, injection, etc.).

In addition, AENOR will verify the annual mass balance carried out by the organization that determines the stock of recycled material (inputs, outputs and stored). In the initial audits, in the event that there are no annual records, it will be carried out for the period of time that the organization has recorded.

On the other hand, the control of the equipment used for the determination of these measurements will comply with the provisions of Annex B of this document, with special emphasis on the calibration of the measuring equipment used, [that ensures the recycled material content in the final product](#), both in gravimetric doses and in weighing scales for bags, octavins or big bags and the final product.

5.4 Audit Report

Once the audit has been completed, AENOR will prepare a report recording the non-conformities, observations identified during the certification visit, as well as any comments that may be noteworthy.

5.5 Evaluation process and Granting of the Certificate

In view of the content of the certification report and, where appropriate, the corrective action plan provided, the technical review of the file will be carried out and AENOR will decide on the granting of the certificate.

Based on the results of the evaluation, the following actions will be taken:

INITIAL CERTIFICATION AUDIT		
No Conf.	APPLICANT'S ACTIONS	AENOR'S PERFORMANCE
NC detected	CAP: Within one calendar month of the date of notification of the nonconformity (date of receipt of the audit report), you must submit a corrective action plan (CAP) that includes: a description of the detected nonconformity, its cause, the proposed corrective action, and the implementation date. Evidence: Within a maximum of three months from the date of completion of the audit, you must submit evidence that the deviations have been addressed or resolved.	If a satisfactory CAP and evidence of corrective action are available, a certification decision will be proposed. In cases where the documentary evidence is insufficient to resolve the deviation, or if it affects critical points in the audit report, such as not possessing the corresponding waste management authorization, the absence of a traceability system, the inability to demonstrate the origin of the recycled material used through a traceability certificate, or failure to meet the certification target percentage, AENOR's Technical Services may require supplementary evaluation work, such as extraordinary visits, to verify the correct functioning or suitability of the implemented measures. Likewise, such visits will not be necessary if effective resolution of the deviations can be verified through documentary control. The applicant will facilitate the planning and execution of the supplementary evaluations in a way that respects the previously established deadline. If evidence of corrective action is not available, the decision will be to deny certification.
None detected	Not Applicable	Proposed certification decision.

In the event of a concession, AENOR will send the organization a certificate, valid for 3 years, which will include all products manufactured under the same percentage of recycled material, specifying whether this percentage is post-consumer and the total use of recycled plastic. When issuing the certificate, only the full content will appear, unless the company is post-consumer.

AENOR will issue as many certificates as the percentages of use of recycled material declared by the company .

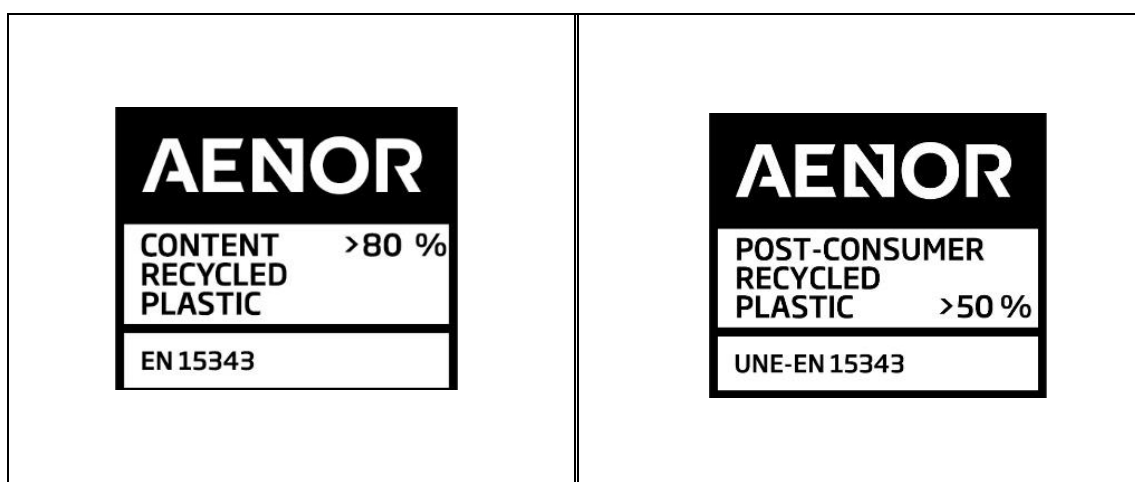
In case of denial, AENOR will communicate the reasons and the deadline for a new request to the organization.

5.5.1 Product marking and use of the AENOR logo

The Organization that holds any of the certificates that can be issued under this Regulation may use each of the brands independently or both, in case the certified products are within the scope of both certifications.

A product made from post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled material must mark the total percentage of recycled plastic contained in the product and, and, if so stated in the certificate, how much of that percentage is post-consumer.

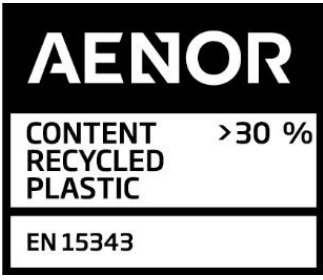
For example, in the case of a product made from 80% total recycled plastic, of which 50% is post-consumer recycled plastic, you can use both logos as follows:



5.5.2 Use of the markup in the case of third parties

If the end customer of these certified products with a certain recycled content would like to refer to the certification of the recycled content of the container or packaging, in order to

specify that the certification refers to the container or packaging and not to its content, the logo will be used with the corresponding percentage, adding next to it, and if possible under it, the mention of "Certification applicable to the container or packaging", and the certificate number, E17 / xxxx.

Container	Packaging
 Certification applicable to the container Certificate no. E17/0xxx	 Certification applicable to the packaging Certificate no. E17/0xxx

If the AENOR logo is to be used by third parties, the certificate holder shall submit to AENOR the design for the intended use.

5.5.3 Reproduction of the logo on promotional material

When a company has more than one certificate with different percentages of recycled material and is for Recycled Material Content, Post-consumer Recycled Material Content or both, the use of the AENOR logo shown below will be allowed without indicating the percentage only on commercial material where generic reference is made to the certification, catalogs, web pages, etc.



Este logotipo en ningún caso podrá reproducirse sobre los productos certificados indicados en los apartados 5.5.1 y 5.5.2.

6 Certificate Surveillance

AENOR will make an annual visit to the organization, in order to re-evaluate the compliance with the requirements established in chapter 5 of this document and verifying that the percentage of post-consumer recycled material initially checked is still maintained.

The client must have manufactured at least one production run of one of the products covered by the scope of certification since the previous audit and prior to the follow-up audit. Otherwise, they must inform AENOR, and the certificate will be temporarily suspended. If more than two years have passed without any production since the previous audit, the certificate will be cancelled. AENOR will prepare a report for these audits, documenting any non-conformities, observations identified during the audit visit, and any other noteworthy comments.

In light of the audit report and, where applicable, the corrective action plan submitted, a technical review of the file will be conducted, and AENOR will decide on the maintenance of the certification.

Depending on the results of the evaluation, the following actions will be taken:

INITIAL CERTIFICATION AUDIT		
No Conf.	APPLICANT'S ACTIONS	AENOR'S PERFORMANCE
NC detected	CAP: Within one calendar month of the date of notification of the nonconformity (date of receipt of the audit report), you must submit a corrective action plan (CAP) that includes: a description of the detected nonconformity, its cause, the proposed corrective action, and the implementation date. Evidence: Within a maximum of two months from the date of completion of the audit, you must submit evidence that the deviations have been addressed or resolved.	If a satisfactory PAC is available and evidence of correction is provided, a proposal for maintenance/renewal of Certification will be made. In cases where documentary evidence is insufficient to resolve the deviation, or where it affects critical points in the audit report, such as the lack of the corresponding waste management authorization, the absence of a traceability system, the inability to demonstrate the origin of the recycled material used through a traceability certificate, or failure to meet the certification target percentage, AENOR's Technical Services may require additional assessment work, such as extraordinary visits, to verify the correct functioning or suitability of the implemented measures. Similarly, such visits will not be necessary if the deviations can be effectively resolved through documentary control.

INITIAL CERTIFICATION AUDIT		
No Conf.	APPLICANT'S ACTIONS	AENOR'S PERFORMANCE
		The operator will facilitate the planning and execution of the supplementary assessments in a manner that respects the previously established deadline. If no evidence of remediation is provided, the decision will be to suspend certification..
None detected	Not Applicable	Proposed decision on maintaining certification

7 Certificate Modifications

The organization must keep AENOR informed of any changes in the production processes that may affect the recycled material content initially declared [as well as a change of recycled material supplier](#). Additionally, you must inform AENOR in the event of any deletions, extensions, or modifications to the certificate, whether of the percentage or a new product.

When the customer requires an extension or [modification of the certificate](#), either of a percentage or of a new product, it must inform AENOR by sending Annex [A dated and signed](#), indicating the new percentages or products to be included in the certificate. AENOR will study the information provided and [its history](#), deciding and, where appropriate, informing the organization if a visit to the production center is necessary prior [to the extension](#) or modification of the certificate, or if a documentary review will be carried out, in which case, AENOR will request the relevant documentation for this assessment. [The minimum information required for expansions or modifications will be:](#)

- [Traceability exercise for the new production run, clearly demonstrating the manufacturing order, incoming materials, and final product.](#)
- [Calculation of the mass balance for the exercise.](#)
- [Recycled materials used and supplied by the supplier\(s\):](#)
 - o [Certificate of analysis and technical data sheet for the batch\(es\) used.](#)
 - o [Traceability certificate \(AENOR, Recyclclass, GRS, etc.\)](#)

The documentation required in the extension processes aims to demonstrate the production of a new product, processed with the same technology and equipment as the products already certified, and to evaluate the composition, the percentage of recycled plastic used in a final product and its traceability to [the recycled material](#) used in accordance with this Standard Rule.

If the customer requires an extension or modification of the certificate for a new product, processed using different technology and equipment to that already certified, AENOR will inform the organization of the need to carry out a visit to the production center. In this case, the scope of [this](#) shall be limited to the certification of the requirements established in sections 5.3.2 and 5.3.3.3.

In view of the result of the technical review of the dossier, AENOR shall decide on the [extension](#) or modification of the certificate, editing it to adapt it to the new situation.

[Extended or modified certificates will maintain the validity cycle of the first certification and the corresponding original certificates.](#)

8 Economic conditions

AENOR will establish and communicate to the organizations/clients requesting certification the economic conditions corresponding to the activities related to the granting, monitoring, and renewal of the Certificate in the corresponding offer.



Annex A

Product Information Questionnaire: Recycled Plastic Content

(Submit to AENOR with the first application, renewals and when modifications occur)

This document is considered binding upon the product certification application (02-R-0643) signed and accepted by the applicant organization on date..... as established in section 1 of its Annex, General Contracting Conditions, and in section 5.1 of the Specific Regulations of the AENOR Certificate of Conformity for traceability certification in the plastic recycling process (RP E17.01).

Mr./Ms.....
with ID number....., acting on behalf
of....., with registered office
at....., hereby declares
the following descriptive questionnaire.

..... to of of 20.....

SIGNATURE

Company and full address of the manufacturing site incorporating recycled plastic:	
Main activity of the organization:	
Does the recycled material have any traceability certification?	No ☐ Sí ☐ Entity:
Contact person: name, phone, email	
Number of workers (associated with the activity)	

Product Definition & Production Process:

Product Composition:

TRADEMARK	REFERENCE	TYPE OF PRODUCT	MATERIAL	DIMENSIONS/ CHARACTETISTICS	PERCENTAGE RECYCLED

Annex B

Quality System Requirements

Any organization that wishes to obtain the AENOR Certificate must have a quality management system in place applicable to the manufacture of the products for which it has requested the certificate that fully meets the requirements of the ISO 9001:2015 standard.

If the organization holds a valid ISO 9001 certificate, issued by a body accredited by an entity that meets the EA (European Accreditation) or IAF (International Accreditation Forum), mutual recognition agreements, for those products manufactured with the recycled material, it will not be necessary to verify the system implementation.

According with the previous paragraph, AENOR services will have access to the audit reports signed by the certifying body, requesting the manufacturer to translate them if necessary.

All control and measurement equipment used to verify the calculations described in chapter 5.3.3 will be subject to timely calibration, providing the calibration certificates. In case the calibration has been carried out in an accredited laboratory, the evidence of the calibration certificate will suffice.

Otherwise, during the audit, the organization will provide, together with the calibration certificate, the traceability to international standards of the standards used for calibration, as well as the calibration procedure used by the laboratory, the uncertainty of the measurement and the qualification requirements person responsible for accepting the calibration reports received established by the company.